



## 2022 Annual Report on Drinking Water Quality

### Lemieux Island Water Purification Plant

The following report summarizes drinking water quality results, adverse water quality notifications, and other operating information related to the **Lemieux Island Water Purification Plant** (waterworks #220003207) for the period January 1 to December 31, 2022. It was prepared in accordance with Section 11 of O.Reg.170/03 under the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA, 2002).

The Annual Report for each municipal water system operated by the City of Ottawa is posted on the web site: [www.ottawa.ca](http://www.ottawa.ca). Copies of each Annual Report and Summary Report prepared in accordance with Schedule 22 of O.Reg.170/03, are available to the public at 951 Clyde Avenue (telephone 3-1-1), the Britannia Water Purification Plant (2731 Cassels Street), and the Lemieux Island Water Purification Plant (1 Onigam Street).

A copy of this report is also provided to the Township of Russell (waterworks #260092014) which receives drinking water from the City of Ottawa water supply.

### Description of Drinking Water System

The City of Ottawa operates two treatment plants to supply drinking water – Lemieux Island Water Purification Plant (capacity: 400 ML/d; constructed 1931) and Britannia Water Purification Plant (capacity: 360 ML/d; constructed 1961). The source water for both plants is the Ottawa River. Both plants use identical water treatment processes and have undergone significant expansion and modernization over the years.

Raw water enters the treatment plants through large intake pipes that extend into the main flow of the river. The treatment process makes use of the “multiple barrier” principle. A series of treatment steps successively remove undesirable substances such as colour, suspended particles, algae, bacteria, and viruses from the water. The purification process in Ottawa consists of the following steps:

- coagulation
- flocculation
- sedimentation
- filtration
- primary disinfection

- pH adjustment
- secondary disinfection
- fluoridation

During the final treatment step, fluoride is added for prevention of dental cavities, and chloramine (mixture of chlorine and ammonia) is added to preserve water quality as it travels through the vast water distribution system. Finally, the pH level is adjusted to 9.2 – 9.4 in order to minimize corrosion effects in the water distribution system.

After the treatment process, water is pumped through the distribution network of watermains (over 3000 km of watermain piping) to reach water customers over an area roughly 25 km by 50 km. Treated water from both the Britannia and Lemieux Island water plants is blended as it travels through a common distribution system. Pressure and storage requirements are met through the operation of 25 pumping stations and reservoirs located throughout the system. The total volume of water stored in reservoirs is 275 Million Litres, which is roughly equivalent to the daily amount of water consumed in Ottawa. All treatment, pumping, and storage systems are controlled by a dedicated computer control system and monitored by certified Water Treatment Operators 24 hours per day.

The water treatment chemicals used over this reporting period are listed below:

- Aluminum sulphate (liquid – 48.8%)
- Sulphuric acid (liquid – 93%)
- Sodium silicate (liquid – 29%)
- Sodium hypochlorite (liquid – 12%)
- Hydrofluorosilicic acid (liquid – 24%)
- Sodium bisulfite (liquid – 39%)
- Sodium hydroxide (liquid – 50%)
- Aqueous ammonia (liquid – 25%)

### **Monetary expenses incurred during the reporting period**

In order to maintain the safe and efficient operation of the waterworks, maintenance and capital projects are undertaken from time to time. All major repairs or upgrade projects that took place during the reporting period are described below.

Chemical System Upgrades: (\$610,000): A project to modify several chemical feed systems, at the Britannia and Lemieux Island Water Treatment Plants was previously initiated, to improve their reliability and redundancy as well as to update aging control systems, instrumentation, pumps and piping. At Lemieux Island, the sodium silicate, aluminum sulphate and hydrofluorosilicic acid feed systems were all upgraded in 2022; largely by plant maintenance teams. Planned for 2023 and beyond, will be the replacement of Lemieux's sodium hydroxide, sodium hypochlorite and ammonium hydroxide feed systems.

Lemieux Island WPP Intake Replacement Project (\$38.0 million): Following completion of functional design, this project furthers the detailed design and future construction of a permanent solution to guard against repeated winter frazil ice restrictions at Lemieux. Functional design, geotechnical investigations and necessary site surveys have been completed and formal approvals, with the MECP (Ontario's Ministry) and the MELCC (Quebec's Ministry) continued through 2022. Ontario ministry approvals are complete and staff continue to work on finalizing the necessary Quebec ministry approvals, given that the water withdrawal point is located on the Quebec side of the Ottawa River. Construction is expected to follow, once the necessary approvals are in place.

Phosphoric Acid Addition for Corrosion Control (\$13.0 million): Functional design for the addition of phosphoric acid systems, at both Lemieux and Britannia were completed in 2021. Detailed design is planned for 2023 and is to provide for new chemical and feed storage systems, at both Plants, in order to reduce dissolved lead concentrations, in drinking water from homes with lead water services. It is planned to utilize existing building space at Lemieux while a new building will be necessary at Britannia. New ammonium hydroxide storage and feed systems, previously planned to be part of ongoing Chemical System Upgrades, will now be included, as part of this project, to address identified building safety and storage tank redundancy requirements.

Britannia & Lemieux WPP G2 Generator Replacements (\$10.4 million): This project replaces the 600V generators at Britannia & Lemieux. Design was carried out through 2019 to 2021. Preselection of the new generator supplied was completed in 2021 with construction now planned for 2023. Tendering and construction was delayed due unanticipated issues with project tendering and equipment selection. Construction is now planned to commence in 2023.

Lemieux Island WPP Asphalt Surface Repairs (\$98,000): Asphalt and concrete curbs were replaced, in various locations, around the Lemieux Island WPP site in 2022.

Lemieux Island WPP, Administrative Building Roof Repairs (\$130,000): Lifecycle maintenance and repairs, to the roof structure on the Steve Bonk Administrative Building, were completed in 2022.

Lemieux Island WPP, Filter Pipe Gallery Ladder Replacements (\$38,000): To address safety concerns, lifecycle replacement of older, non standard ladders, in Lemieux's Filter Pipe Gallery, was completed in 2022.

Lemieux Island and Britannia WPP Audible Process Alarm System Upgrades (\$650,000): The replacement of plant wide critical process alarm annunciation systems was begun in 2022, for the Lemieux Island Plant. Final completion of works, at the Lemieux and Britannia plants, will carry on into 2023.

Lemieux Island WPP Turbidity Analyzer Replacements (\$159,000): As part of lifecycle replacement work, the replacement of 22 obsolete turbidity analyzers continued through 2022. The work was completed by plant staff.

Brittany Drive Pumping Station Replacement (\$7.7 million): Starting in 2021, the Brittany Drive Pumping Station was demolished in order to facilitate the construction of a new, replacement pumping station on the same site. Initiated due to growth in the pressure zone, this project will provide a completely new facility with three pumps complete with standby power. Construction continued through 2022 with commissioning planned for late 2023.

Hurdman Bridge Pumping Station Upgrades (\$18.1 million): Picking up detailed design again in 2021, this project will provide the existing facility with new pumps and mechanical systems, new electrical systems, new instrumentation and controls as well as standby power. Tendering and construction was delayed due unanticipated issues with project tendering and equipment selection. Construction is now planned to commence in 2023.

Ottawa South Pumping Station Upgrades (\$16.3 million): After carrying detailed design through 2021, this project will provide the existing facility with new pumps and mechanical systems, new electrical systems, new instrumentation and controls as well as standby power. Construction is now expected to commence in 2023. Once construction is

completed and following a standby power / pumping controls upgrade, at the Barrhaven Pumping Station, the downstream pressure zone will be reconfigured and expanded.

## **Water Quality test results**

The Ontario Drinking Water System Regulation O.Reg.170/03 defines water quality sampling and testing requirements in several categories: microbiological, operational, inorganic, and organic test parameters. The sections below describe the 2022 test results for samples required by O.Reg.170/03. In addition to the required tests, the City of Ottawa analyzes its drinking water for hundreds of other trace substances and test parameters in order to ensure the safety of the water supply. A complete table of water quality test results is posted on the City website [www.ottawa.ca](http://www.ottawa.ca) for each water system.

### **Microbiological**

*Total Coliform and E.coli* bacteria tests are performed on the raw, treated and distributed drinking water. These types of bacteria are considered to be “indicator” organisms since they themselves don’t cause disease, but their presence indicates the potential for other pathogenic organisms to be present.

**Raw:** “Raw” water refers to the untreated water that is drawn into the plant directly from the Ottawa River. Raw water is tested to give an indication of bacteria concentrations entering the treatment process and to see how it changes seasonally. During 2022, the concentration of Total Coliform bacteria in the raw water ranged from 9 – 2420 (cfu/100mL) and the E. coli bacteria levels ranged from 0 – 122 (cfu/100mL). These levels were comparable to previous years and were easily handled by the treatment plant.

**Treated:** Treated water is tested 4 times per day as it leaves the plant and enters the distribution system. During 2022, there were no (0) samples out of the 1434 bacteriological samples taken that indicated the presence of Total Coliform or E. coli bacteria.

**Distribution:** Routine bacteriological samples are taken at approximately 55 locations to verify water quality throughout the water supply network. Bacteriological samples are also taken to monitor water quality during watermain construction and repair activities. During 2022, 12 out of 3280 distribution samples indicated the presence of Total Coliform bacteria. This rate of occurrence (0.4%) is typical for a large water system and does not indicate unsafe water quality. Total Coliform bacteria can colonize on pipe surfaces and

sample tap fixtures resulting in a positive test result, even if the “bulk” water is free from bacteria.

**Table 1a Summary of the Total Coliform and E.coli test results for Lemieux Island WPP treated and distributed water samples taken during 2022**

Parameter	Number of treated water samples taken	Number of positive test results	Number of distribution samples taken	Number of positive test results
Total coliform bacteria (cfu/100mL)	1434	0	3280	12
E.coli bacteria (cfu/100mL)	1434	0	3280	0

cfu=colony forming units

*HPC (heterotrophic plate count) bacteria* represent a broad spectrum of environmental aerobic bacteria that indicate biological growth. They are not harmful to humans and are therefore not considered to represent adverse drinking water quality. However, they are useful as operational indicators for the presence of biological (ie. biofilm) growth on the inside surface of a pipe or watermain. An operational limit of 500 cfu/mL has been established as a target for drinking water systems in Ontario. During 2022, 206 samples of treated water and 2699 samples of distributed water were tested for HPC bacteria. Of these, there were 10 samples from the distribution system and 1 sample of treated water that exceeded the operational target of 500 cfu/mL. This level of HPC bacteria occurrence (0.3 %) is considered to be quite low for a large water distribution system and the test results were similar to previous years. The treated and distribution water microbiological results for HPC bacteria are summarized in the table below.

**Table 1b Summary of the heterotrophic plate count (HPC) bacteria test results for Lemieux Island WPP treated and distributed water samples taken during 2022**

Parameter	Number of treated water samples taken	Range of test results	Number of distribution samples taken	Range of test results
HPC bacteria (cfu/mL)	206	0 – 600	2699	0 – 3000

cfu=colony forming units

**Operational:** Operational tests are conducted by treatment plant operators to evaluate process conditions and to make adjustments to the process. Continuous on-line analyzers measure and record many of the operational tests through a computer control (SCADA) system 24 hours per day. The Lemieux Island WPP has approximately 40 such analyzers in operation. In addition, Process Operators conduct routine laboratory tests during each 12-hour shift to verify water quality at each stage of the treatment process. The routine test results for turbidity, chlorine, and fluoride are summarized in the table below. During 2022, all operational tests of treated water complied with Ontario Drinking Water Standards.

**Table 2 Summary of operational testing performed for Lemieux Island treated water during 2022**

Parameter	Average value	Range of values (min - max)	Number of samples
Turbidity	0.05 NTU	0.03 – 0.09 NTU	714
Total Chlorine	1.71 mg/L	1.17 – 1.97 mg/L	1434
Fluoride	0.66 mg/L	0.61 – 0.87 mg/L	661

**Inorganics:** Inorganic substances include heavy metals and dissolved minerals that may be present in treated drinking water and are tested monthly in treated water. The table below summarizes the 2022 test results, expressed as annual average concentrations in mg/L. All inorganic test results during 2022 were safely within the Maximum Acceptable Concentration (MAC) as per Ontario Drinking Water Standards. The MAC concentrations for drinking water are listed in the right column for reference.

**Table 3 Summary of the inorganic parameters tested in Lemieux Island WPP treated water during 2022**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Unit of Measure</b>	<b>Result</b>	<b>Ontario Drinking Water Standard (MAC)</b>
Antimony	mg/L	0	0.006
Arsenic	mg/L	0	0.010
Barium	mg/L	0.0137	1
Boron	mg/L	0.005	5
Cadmium	mg/L	0	0.005
Chromium	mg/L	0.0003	0.05
Lead	mg/L	0	0.01
Mercury	mg/L	0	0.001
Selenium	mg/L	0	0.05
Uranium	mg/L	0	0.02



Parameter	Unit of Measure	Result	Ontario Drinking Water Standard (MAC)
Sodium	mg/L	18.3	20*
Fluoride	mg/L	0.66	1.5
Nitrate	mg/L	0.17	10
Nitrite	mg/L	0	1

0 denotes the chemical was below the analytical detection limit

\*NOTE: Sodium health advisory level of 20 mg/L for people on sodium-restricted diets only.

**Organics:** Trace organic substances include: volatile organic compounds, pesticides, herbicides, industrial solvents, and disinfection by-products. Trace organic substances are tested quarterly, and the table below shows the 2022 test results, expressed as average concentrations in treated water. None of the trace organic substances were detected with the exception of Trihalomethanes (THM) and Haloacetic Acids (HAA). THMs and HAAs are organic compounds that form during the treatment process when chlorine reacts with natural organic matter dissolved in the water. All trace organic test results during 2022 were safely within the Maximum Acceptable Concentration (MAC) as per Ontario Drinking Water Standards. The MAC concentrations for drinking water are listed in the right column for reference.

**Table 4 Summary of 2022 trace organic test results for Lemieux Island WPP treated water**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Result</b>	<b>Ontario Drinking Water Standard (MAC)</b>
Alachlor	mg/L	0	0.005
Atrazine + N-dealkylated metabolites	mg/L	0	0.005
Azinphos-methyl	mg/L	0	0.02
Benzene	mg/L	0	0.001
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/L	0	0.00001
Bromoxynil	mg/L	0	0.005
Carbaryl	mg/L	0	0.09
Carbofuran	mg/L	0	0.09
Carbon Tetrachloride	mg/L	0	0.002
Chlorpyrifos	mg/L	0	0.09
Diazinon	mg/L	0	0.02
Dicamba	mg/L	0	0.12

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Result</b>	<b>Ontario Drinking Water Standard (MAC)</b>
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	mg/L	0	0.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	mg/L	0	0.005
1,2-Dichloroethane	mg/L	0	0.005
1,1-Dichloroethylene	mg/L	0	0.014
Dichloromethane	mg/L	0	0.05
2,4-Dichlorophenol	mg/L	0	0.9
2,4-Dichlorophenoxy acetic acid (2,4D)	mg/L	0	0.1
Diclofop-methyl	mg/L	0	0.009
Dimethoate	mg/L	0	0.02
Diquat	mg/L	0	0.07
Diuron	mg/L	0	0.15
Glyphosate	mg/L	0	0.28
Haloacetic Acids*	mg/L	0.032	0.080

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Result</b>	<b>Ontario Drinking Water Standard (MAC)</b>
Malathion	mg/L	0	0.19
2-Methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic Acid (MCPA)	mg/L	0	0.10
Metolachlor	mg/L	0	0.05
Metribuzin	mg/L	0	0.08
Monochlorobenzene	mg/L	0	0.08
Paraquat	mg/L	0	0.007
Pentachlorophenol	mg/L	0	0.06
Phorate	mg/L	0	0.002
Picloram	mg/L	0	0.19
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)	mg/L	0	0.003
Prometryne	mg/L	0	0.001
Simazine	mg/L	0	0.01
Terbufos	mg/L	0	0.001

Parameter	Units	Result	Ontario Drinking Water Standard (MAC)
Tetrachloroethylene	mg/L	0	0.01
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	mg/L	0	0.1
Triallate	mg/L	0	0.23
Trichloroethylene	mg/L	0	0.005
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	mg/L	0	0.005
Trifluralin	mg/L	0	0.045
Trihalomethanes*	mg/L	0.036	0.1
Vinyl Chloride	mg/L	0	0.001

0 denotes the chemical was below the analytical detection limit

NOTE\*: The reported Trihalomethane (THM) and Haloacetic acid (HAA) results represent the average concentration measured in the distribution system

### **Adverse Water Quality Incidents (AWQI) Requiring Notification**

The drinking water regulations identify several “Indicators of Adverse Water Quality” for which the waterworks must immediately notify health officials and the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP). These refer to any sample of treated or distributed drinking water that does not meet a provincial water quality standard or a situation where disinfection of the water may be compromised. For each Adverse Water Quality Incident (AWQI), City of Ottawa staff immediately notify the Ottawa Public Health

Department and the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) as required by regulations. Corrective actions, re-sampling, and reporting are required in each case.

During 2022, there were no AWQI events for Lemieux Island treated water and 21 AWQI events reported for the water distribution system. The events are summarized in the table below including the adverse result, corrective actions taken, and date of resolution.

**Table 5 Adverse Water Quality Incidents for the distribution system**

Incident Date	Test Parameter and Location	Result	Unit of Measure	Corrective Action	Date of Resolution
<b>10-Jan-22</b> AWQI# 157539	<b>Chloramine &lt;0.25 mg/L</b> Closed watermain valve on Iris resulted in low chloramine concentration	0.16	mg/L	Open valve, flush until chloramine concentration restored	11-Jan-22
<b>4-May-22</b> AWQI# 158317	<b>Improperly disinfected water directed to users</b> Foamy water found when connecting a temporary service line on Valley Dr	N/A	N/A	Flushed and sampled for surfactants	5-May-22
<b>27-May-22</b> AWQI# 158502	<b>Total Coliform bacteria &gt;0</b> Sample taken following watermain break on Walkley Rd	Positive	cfu/100 mL	Flush and resample	30-May-22
<b>2-Jun-22</b> AWQI# 158568	<b>Chloramine &lt;0.25 mg/L</b> Closed valve for LRT construction resulted in low chloramine concentration on Pinecrest Rd	0.04	mg/L	Open valve, flush until chloramine concentration restored and	3-Jun-22

Incident Date	Test Parameter and Location	Result	Unit of Measure	Corrective Action	Date of Resolution
				took bacteria sample	
<b>6-July-22</b> AWQI# 159056	<b>Total Coliform bacteria &gt;0</b> Sample taken following flushing of a closed valve on Innes Rd	Positive	cfu/100 mL	Flush and resample	7-July-22
<b>6-July-22</b> AWQI# 159055	<b>Total Coliform bacteria &gt;0</b> Sample taken following flushing of a closed valve on Allium St	Positive	cfu/100 mL	Flush and resample	11-July-22
<b>12-Jul-22</b> AWQI# 159090	<b>Chloramine &lt;0.25 mg/L</b> Sample taken at a dead end on Ominik Cres resulted in low chloramine concentration	0.12	mg/L	Flush until chloramine concentration restored and took bacteria sample	13-Jul-22
<b>13-Jul-22</b> AWQI# 159132	<b>Chloramine &lt;0.25 mg/L</b> Closed watermain valve on Brittany Dr resulted in low chloramine concentration	0.20	mg/L	Open valve, flush until chloramine concentration restored, and took bacteria sample	15-Jul-22

Incident Date	Test Parameter and Location	Result	Unit of Measure	Corrective Action	Date of Resolution
<b>18-Aug-22</b> AWQI# 159614	<b>Chloramine &lt;0.25 mg/L</b> Closed watermain valve on McLean Cres resulted in low chloramine concentration	0.17	mg/L	Open valve, flush until chloramine concentration restored and took bacteria sample	24-Aug-22
<b>30-Aug-22</b> AWQI# 159771	<b>Total Coliform bacteria &gt;0</b> Sample taken from a temporary service line on Highcroft Ave	Positive	cfu/100 mL	Flush and resample	31-Aug-22
<b>1-Sep-22</b> AWQI# 159801	<b>Total Coliform bacteria &gt;0</b> Sample taken from hydrant at Byward Market Square	Positive	cfu/100 mL	Flush and resample	2-Sep-22
<b>7-Sep-22</b> AWQI# 159872	<b>Total Coliform bacteria &gt;0</b> Sample taken following flushing of a closed valve on Heatherington Rd	Positive	cfu/100 mL	Flush and resample	8-Sep-22
<b>8-Sep-22</b> AWQI# 159884	<b>Chloramine &lt;0.25 mg/L</b> Sample taken at a dead end on Prindiville St resulted in low chloramine concentration	0.10	mg/L	flush until chloramine concentration restored	8-Sep-22



Incident Date	Test Parameter and Location	Result	Unit of Measure	Corrective Action	Date of Resolution
<b>14-Sep-22</b> AWQI# 159973	<b>Total Coliform bacteria &gt;0</b> Sample taken from hydrant at Dairy Rd. (H027)	Positive	cfu/100 mL	Flush and resample	20-Sep-22
<b>15-Sep-22</b> AWQI# 159985	<b>Total Coliform bacteria &gt;0</b> Re-Sample taken from hydrant at Dairy Rd. (H026)	TC = 29 EC=0	cfu/100 mL	Flush and resample	20-Sep-22
<b>16-Sep-22</b> AWQI# 160002	<b>Total Coliform bacteria &gt;0</b> Re-Sample(s) taken from hydrant at Dairy Rd. (H025 & H026)	TC = 1 & 1 EC = 0 for both	cfu/100 mL	Shock chlorinated hydrants, flushed and resampled hydrants. Also sampled two facilities fed from watermain	20-Sep-22
<b>19-Sep-22</b> AWQI# 160033	<b>Total Coliform bacteria &gt;0</b> Re-Sample taken from hydrant at Dairy Rd. H027	TC = 4 EC = 0	cfu/100 mL	Resampled sampled two commercial properties fed from watermain and closed as per OPH	20-Sep-22

Incident Date	Test Parameter and Location	Result	Unit of Measure	Corrective Action	Date of Resolution
<b>13-Oct-22</b> AWQI# 160307	<b>Chloramine &lt;0.25 mg/L</b> Sample taken on Stanley Ave following customer investigation resulted in low chloramine concentration	0.12	mg/L	flush until chloramine concentration restored	13-Oct-22
<b>23-Oct-22</b> AWQI# 160448	<b>Chloramine &lt;0.25 mg/L</b> follow up samples taken on Stanley Ave resulted in low chloramine concentration	0.05	mg/L	flush until chloramine concentration restored	28-Oct-22
<b>31-Oct-22</b> AWQI# 160491	<b>Chloramine &lt;0.25 mg/L</b> Closed watermain valve on Fallowfield resulted in low chloramine concentration	0.18	mg/L	flush until chloramine concentration restored	02-Nov-22
<b>17-Nov-22</b> AWQI# 160690	<b>Total Coliform bacteria &gt;0</b> Sample taken following a customer investigation on Castle Hill Cres	Positive	cfu/100 mL	Flush and resample	21-Nov-22

cfu=colony forming units

### Community Lead Testing Program

The treated water produced by the Lemieux Water Purification Plant is lead-free. However, trace amounts of lead can potentially be dissolved into water when it travels through lead service pipes or household plumbing components such as lead solder and brass fittings. The current Ontario standard for lead in drinking water is 10 ppb (parts per billion), expressed as a Maximum Acceptable Concentration (MAC) measured at the customer's tap. During 2020, Health Canada lowered the acceptable concentration to 5 ppb for lead in drinking water, due to increasing concerns for adverse health effects in

children. To date, the Ontario standard for lead has not yet been revised to align with the new Health Canada guideline.

In 2007, a new provincial regulation (amendment to O.Reg.170/03) was initiated in response to concerns about potential lead levels in Ontario water supplies. The Community Lead Testing Program requires each water system to test tap water specifically in homes with lead service pipes to represent worst case lead concentrations. The testing is conducted during winter and summer periods to represent any seasonal changes in water quality. Approximately 50 Ottawa homes are tested during each winter and summer sampling period. In order to meet compliance standards, 90% of the tap water samples must have a lead concentration below 10 ppb (parts per billion) following a 30-minute period of stagnation in the plumbing system. Ottawa's test results have consistently passed the Provincial lead testing criteria of 10 ppb for drinking water.

In March of 2020, as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, all in-home lead sampling was suspended in order to protect both the homeowner and our employees. Since the MECP lead sampling requires water operators to enter the resident's home to conduct testing, the City of Ottawa applied for and received relief for both the winter sampling session (Dec 15, 2010 – Apr 15, 2022) and the summer round of lead sampling. (Jun 15 – Oct 15, 2022). Sampling will resume in January 2023.

In the previous twenty-five rounds of testing between 2007 – 2020, the average lead concentrations measured in Ottawa homes with lead supply pipes were 2.5 (ppb) in Litre-1 and 2.6 (ppb) in Litre-2. The 90th percentile concentrations are 4.3 (ppb) in Litre-1 and 5.4 (ppb) in Litre-2. These results comply with the current 10 ppb Ontario standard for lead in drinking water. In general, excellent results have been observed in Ottawa due to the optimized corrosion control strategy of pH adjustment being applied at both water purification plants.

## **Summary**

The results demonstrate that the quality of drinking water treated and distributed from the Lemieux Island Water Purification Plant remained high during 2022 and met all Ontario Drinking Water Standards.

If you have any questions or concerns regarding the quality of your drinking water please contact the City of Ottawa at 3-1-1 or email at [info-water@ottawa.ca](mailto:info-water@ottawa.ca).

For more information on the City of Ottawa drinking water please visit us at [www.ottawa.ca](http://www.ottawa.ca).