2018 Homelessness Point-in-Time Count
24 hours in April

1400 individuals and families surveyed
200+ surveyors from shelters, health, corrections and social services sector
118 enumeration sites
59 community partners
27 street outreach routes

Locations where people experience homelessness

- 67% Emergency shelters
- 16% Transitional housing
- 7% Couch surfing
- 5% Street
- 5% Treatment centers, jail or hospital – no fixed address

Indigenous peoples experiencing homelessness

According to census data, Indigenous people account for 2.5% of Ottawa’s population yet 24% of people experiencing homelessness identified as Indigenous

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indigenous Ancestry</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First Nations</td>
<td>45%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inuit</td>
<td>23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metis</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indigenous Ancestry</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Of the 335 Indigenous respondents, 47% had been in foster care
Age of people experiencing homelessness

Gender breakdown by age

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Female</th>
<th>Other</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Youth 16–24</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>44%</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult 25–55</td>
<td>60%</td>
<td>38%</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Older Adult 55–64</td>
<td>76%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Senior 65+</td>
<td>86%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Top reasons for most recent housing loss

- Addiction issues
- Unable to pay rent or mortgage
- Incarceration
- Unsafe housing conditions
- Other circumstances

Foster care and/or Group home history

27% of respondents identified as having been in foster care or a group home

Veterans

5% of respondents identified as being a former military or RCMP member. Of these, 35% identified as Indigenous

Top three sources of income

- Social Assistance: 50%
- Disability Benefits: 26%
- Employment: 9%

Families

24% of parents/guardians with children experienced homelessness as a youth

Sexual orientation

21% of youth identified as lesbian, gay, bisexual, two-spirited or queer compared to an estimated 10% in the general population

9% of respondents indicated they live with these four health conditions

1. Chronic/acute condition
2. Physical disability
3. Addiction
4. Mental health issues

24% of respondents identified as being a newcomer to Canada

Time in Ottawa

- 39% had been in Ottawa one year or less
- 20% had lived in Ottawa all of their lives

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